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(2-Aminoethoxy)bis(2-thienyl)boron

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In the five-membered ring in the title compound, (2-aminoethoxy)bis(2-thienyl)boron, $C_{10}H_{12}BNOS_2$, the B atom is fourcoordinate with dimensions N-B 1.654 (3), O-B 1.479 (3), and C-B 1.606 (3) and 1.609 (3) Å. An intermolecular hydrogen bond between an amino H atom and the ethoxy O atom links the molecules into infinite chains along the *a* axis. Only one of the two amino H atoms is involved in hydrogen bonding because there is only the one acceptor atom, the ethoxy O atom, and the molecular geometry precludes formation of a second hydrogen bond by the second amino H atom.

Comment

Examination of the title structure, (I), with *PLATON* (Spek, 1999) showed that there were no solvent-accessible voids in the crystal lattice.

H₂N (I)

Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to a published procedure (Coutts & Musgrave, 1970) from 2-aminoethanol and bis(2-thienyl)boronic acid, which was obtained from $(BuO)_3B$ and 2-BrMg-thiophene (m.p. 474–476 K; literature value 473–475 K).

Crystal data

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C_{10}H_{12}BNOS_2

M_r = 237.14

Orthorhombic, Pbca

a = 10.0818 (3) Å

b = 16.1220 (7) Å

c = 13.7747 (6) Å

V = 2238.92 (15) Å<sup>3</sup>

Z = 8

D_x = 1.407 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection
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KappaCCD diffractometer φ and ω scans with κ offset scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SORTAV*; Blessing, 1995, 1997) $T_{\min} = 0.916, T_{\max} = 0.978$ 15 841 measured reflections 2562 independent reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$ $wR(F^2) = 0.122$ S = 1.0632562 reflections 136 parameters H-atom parameters constrained

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation Cell parameters from 2562 reflections $\theta = 2.52-27.43^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.445 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 150.0 (1) KPlate, colourless $0.20 \times 0.15 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

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\begin{split} &1888 \text{ reflections with } I > 2\sigma(I) \\ &R_{\text{int}} = 0.084 \\ &\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.43^{\circ} \\ &h = -12 \rightarrow 12 \\ &k = -20 \rightarrow 20 \\ &l = -17 \rightarrow 17 \end{split}
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$$\begin{split} &w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0636P)^2 \\ &+ 0.4651P] \\ &where \ P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3 \\ (\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001 \\ \Delta\rho_{\rm max} = 0.55 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3} \\ \Delta\rho_{\rm min} = -0.47 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Molecule (I) crystallized in the orthorhombic system; space group Pbca from the systematic absences. H atoms were treated as riding atoms with C-H 0.95–0.99 Å and N-H 0.92 Å.

Data collection: *KappaCCD Server Software* (Nonius, 1997); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS*97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL*97 (Sheldrick, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL*97 and *WordPerfect* macro *PRPKAPPA* (Ferguson, 1999).

X-ray data were collected at the EPSRC, X-ray Crystallographic Service, University of Southampton, using an Enraf-Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer. The authors thank the staff for all there help and advice.

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